

712/Math.

UG/6th Sem/MATH-H-CC-T-14/23

U.G. 6th Semester Examination - 2023

MATHEMATICS

[HONOURS]

Course Code : MATH-H-CC-T-14
(Ring Theory and Linear Algebra)

Full Marks : 60

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.
Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.*

The symbols and notations have their usual meanings.

1. Answer any ten questions: $2 \times 10 = 20$

a) Is $f: (\mathbb{Z}, +, \cdot) \rightarrow (2\mathbb{Z}, +, \cdot)$ defined by $f(n) = 2n$, $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ a ring homomorphism?

Justify your answer.

b) Let R be a ring with unity 1 and $\phi: R \rightarrow R'$ be a ring homomorphism. If $\phi(1) = 0$, prove that kernel of $\phi = R$.

c) Show that the mapping $f: \mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{2}] \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{3}]$ defined by

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$$f(a+b\sqrt{2}) = a+b\sqrt{3}, \quad a+b\sqrt{2} \in \mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{2}]$$

is a group homomorphism but not a ring homomorphism.

- d) Show that $\frac{\mathbb{Z}}{2\mathbb{Z}} = \frac{5\mathbb{Z}}{10\mathbb{Z}}$.
- e) Show that quotient field of $2\mathbb{Z}$ is same as the field of quotients of \mathbb{Z} .
- f) If F is a field, show that $F[x]$ is an integral domain but not a field.

g) Is $\frac{\mathbb{Z}[x]}{\langle x \rangle}$ a field? Justify your answer.

h) Find the characteristic polynomial of the linear operator $D: V \rightarrow V$ defined by $D(f) = \frac{df}{dt}$, where V is the space of functions with basis $S = \{\sin t, \cos t\}$.

i) If λ is an eigen value of an invertible linear operator T , show that λ^{-1} is an eigen value of T^{-1} .

j) Find the minimal polynomial of the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

k) Show that $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ is not diagonalizable.

l) If $T: V \rightarrow V$ be a linear mapping, show that kernel of T is invariant under T .

m) Let S_1, S_2 are subsets of a vector space V and $S_1 \subseteq S_2$. Prove that $S_2^\perp \subseteq S_1^\perp$.

n) Show that an orthogonal set of non-null vectors in a Euclidean space V is linearly independent.

o) Prove that for all α, β in a Euclidean space V , $\langle \alpha, \beta \rangle = 0$ if and only if $\|\alpha + \beta\| = \|\alpha - \beta\|$.

2. Answer any four questions: $5 \times 4 = 20$

a) Let R and R' be two rings and $\phi: R \rightarrow R'$ be a ring homomorphism. Define $\text{Ker } \phi$ and show that $\text{Ker } \phi$ is an ideal of R . $1+4$

b) State and prove Fundamental theorem of ring homomorphism.

c) Show that $\mathbb{Z}[x]$ is an integral domain but not a principal ideal domain.

d) Prove that for prime number p , $f(x) = x^{p-1} + x^{p-2} + \dots + x + 1$ is irreducible in $\mathbb{Q}[x]$.

- e) Let $\{\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_n\}$ be a basis of a vector space V over a field F and $\phi_1, \phi_2, \dots, \phi_n \in V^*$ be the linear functionals defined by

$$\phi_i(\alpha_j) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } i = j \\ 0, & \text{if } i \neq j. \end{cases}$$

Show that $\{\phi_1, \phi_2, \dots, \phi_n\}$ is a basis of V^* .

- f) Find all eigen values and a basis of each eigen space of the operator $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ defined by $T(x, y, z) = (2x + y, y - z, 2y + 4z)$.

- g) Let $T: V \rightarrow U$ be linear and $T': U^* \rightarrow V^*$ be its transpose. Show that kernel of T' is the annihilator of the image of T .

3. Answer any two questions: 10 × 2 = 20

- a) i) Let F be a field $f(x)$ be a polynomial in $F[x]$ of degree 2 or 3. Prove that $f(x)$ is irreducible if and only if it has a zero in F .
- ii) Show that the polynomial $x^2 + x + 1$ is irreducible in $\mathbb{Z}_2[x]$.

- iii) Show that the quotient ring $\frac{\mathbb{Z}_2[x]}{\langle x^2 + x + 1 \rangle}$ is a field of 4 elements. 4 + 2 + 4

- b) i) Let V be the vector space of polynomials over \mathbb{R} of degree ≤ 1 . Let ϕ_1 and ϕ_2 be linear functionals defined by

$$\phi_1[f(x)] = \int_0^1 f(x) dx \quad \text{and} \quad \phi_2[f(x)] = \int_0^2 f(x) dx.$$

Find the basis $\{f_1, f_2\}$ of V which is dual to $\{\phi_1, \phi_2\}$.

- ii) Let W be the subspace of \mathbb{R}^4 spanned by $v_1 = (1, 2, -3, 4)$ and $v_2 = (0, 1, 4, -1)$. Find a basis of the annihilator of W .

5+5

- c) i) Find all ring homomorphisms from $\mathbb{Z}_{20} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_{30}$.

- ii) Find the quotient field of the integral domain $\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{5}] = \{a + b\sqrt{5} : a, b \in \mathbb{Z}\}$.

- iii) Let v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n be non-zero eigen vectors of an operator $T: V \rightarrow V$ belonging to distinct eigen values $\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \dots, \lambda_n$. Prove that v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n are linearly independent. 3+3+4

d) i) Determine all possible Jordan canonical forms for a linear operator $T: V \rightarrow V$ whose characteristic polynomial is $(t-2)^3(t-5)^2$.

ii) Let V be a vector space of polynomials $f(t)$ of degree less than 4 and real coefficients. Define inner product on V as $\langle f, g \rangle = \int_{-1}^1 f(t)g(t) dt$. Apply the Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization process to $\{1, t, t^2, t^3\}$ to find an orthogonal basis $\{f_0, f_1, f_2, f_3\}$ of V .

5+5

Full Marks : 40

The figures in the right-hand margin Candidates are required to give their own words as far as possible

1. Answer any five of the following

- Identify the hydrogen conjugate base pairs of D
- What is ninhydrin? Mention α -amino acid.
- Predict the product with



- Generally, pyridine does not undergo electrophilic substitution reaction. Explain.